Summary of changes from interim plan of management guideline (July 2018) to final guideline (December 2018)

The final guidelines contain some key changes based on consultation undertaken by Office of Local Government and Department of Industry – Land and Water during the August/September 2018 plans of management training process, as summarised below:

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General changes	 Clarification of terminology (eg: which Minister is being referenced in processes, streamlining of legislation/agency references). The guideline now covers both initial (first) POMs and subsequent/further POMs (the interim guide focussed mainly on first POMs). Further details about public hearing requirements (section 3.9) and Native title (section 4) included in response to council requests. New section 5 - which reiterates the key points regarding initial categorisation in the POM development process (as covered in the 2018 POM training sessions delivered by OLG and DOI – Land and Water).
Кеу	Section 6 - the POM adoption process
process	
change	 The POM adoption and approval process has been streamlined from a three-stream process (interim guideline) to a two-stream process (final guideline). Consequently, interim guideline forms B and C have been combined into one new form (<i>Alteration of categorisation or additional/new categorisation - form B</i>). Under the new process, the key consideration for a council when submitting a draft POM to DOI for approval is whether the draft POM will change the initial assigned category or add another category (or categories). If no – council uses form A (land owner notification only) If yes – council uses form B (alteration of categorisation or additional/new categorisation). DOI will then determine whether or not the proposed category change/additional category will also require an additional purpose to be added to the Reserve, and therefore Ministerial consent. The new approach requires council to submit all necessary information up front for any POM which changes or adds a category (including addressing material harm considerations). DOI will then assess the submitted information up-front in some circumstances. However, Ministerial Consent will be required in the majority of cases where a POM changes or adds a category. The new approach acts to streamline the approval process in cases where a council is unsure whether Ministerial Consent application, and additional purposed, DOI would likely have referred such draft POMs back to councils with a direction to submit a Ministerial Consent application providing further information, therefore adding a step to the approval process.